

अंग्रेजी (ENGLISH) – XII (100 Marks), 2010

Time : 3 Hours 15 Minute]

[Full Marks : 100

Instructions to the Candidate : Same as 2009.

GROUP – A

1. Fill in the blanks with suitable modal auxiliary verbs— 3
 - (a) you be always happy !
 - (b) The teacher said that he succeed.
 - (c) you lift this box?
2. Change the following sentences into indirect speech— 3
 - (a) The teacher said, "Honest labour never goes in vain."
 - (b) My mother said, "Put on warm clothes when you go out in the evening."
 - (c) The doctor said to the patient, "Do you have a pain in the chest?"
3. Transform the following sentences as suggested without changing the meaning— 3
 - (a) He is too dull solve this sum. (Remove 'too')
 - (b) Can you write this piece? (Into Assertive)
 - (c) Gold is the most costly metal. (Into comparative)

4. Read carefully the passage given below and answer the question that follow— 4×3=12

In every country people imagine that they are the best and the cleverest and the others are not as good as they are. The Englishman thinks that he and his country are the best; the Frenchman is very proud of France and everything French; the Germans and Italians think no end of their countries and many Indians imagine that India is in many ways the greatest country in the world. This is all conceit. Everybody wants to think well of himself and his country. But really there is no person who has not got some good in him and some bad. And in the same way there is no country which is not partly good and partly bad. We must take the good wherever we find it any try to remove the bad wherever it may be. We are, of course, most concerned with our country, India. Unhappily, it is in a bad way today and most of our people are very poor and miserable. They have no pleasure in their lives. We have to find out how we can make them happier. We have to see what is good in our ways and customs and try to keep it, and whatever is bad we have to throw away. If we find anything good in other countries, we should certainly take it.

Questions—

- (a) The writer is speaking of a wrong notion of one's country. What is it?
- (b) Is a country wholly good?
- (c) What should we do when we see something good in another country.
- (d) What is the present condition of India?

5. Write an essay in about 100-150 words on any one of the following— 10

- (a) Terrorism (b) Education of a Girl child
- (c) Importance of Books (d) Life of the old man.

6. Make a precis of the following passage and give a suitable title—

Some people consider that man is becoming the slave of the machine. Certainly machines are playing an ever-increasing part in lives. Let us hope that they will never become more important than the man they were invented to serve. Charlie Chaplin in his film 'Modern Times' drew attention to this danger. In the film he got a job in a factory that employed mass-production methods. He had to stand by a machine with a spanner in his hand. An endless belt passed in front of him carrying slowly an endless line of articles. As each one passed, he tightened one nut on one bolt with his spanner. His work was done with one turn of the wrist repeated throughout the day. Very soon his mind became affected and the film shows the amusing things which he did as a result of his mental disorder. Although it was very funny, the film had a serious side. It showed that the kind of work which many people do, far from giving them pride and pleasure, is more likely to fit them for lunatic asylum.

7. Use the following phrases in sentences of your own so as to bring out their meaning clearly— 3

- (a) Put off (b) Call off (c) Look for

8. Combine the following sentences into one sentence— 3

- (a) When will our test begin? Can you tell us?
- (b) He will do very well. I know this.
- (c) This is the book. It was given to me by my uncle.

9. Translate the following sentences in to English— 5

- (a) मैं कुछ दिन गाँव में बिताकर लौट रहा हूँ।
- (b) जाड़े की ऋतु में गाँव में रहना मैं पसंद करता हूँ।
- (c) खेतों में फसलें पक रही होती हैं।
- (d) किसान उनकी देखभाल करते हैं।
- (e) और शाम में आग के पास बैठकर गप करना बड़ा अच्छा लगता है।

8. Choose the correct tense forms of the verbs given in brackets and fill in the blanks with them— 3

- (a) If he passes the examination I (give) him a prize.
- (b) We (see) a film yesterday.
- (c) I (finish) my work an hour ago.

11. Change the following sentences into Passive voice— 3

- (a) Boys are doing their homeworks.
- (b) I will write a letter to my brother.
- (c) Mohan posted the letter yesterday.

GROUP – B

12. Match the title given in List—A with appropriate names from List—B. 5

List - A

- (a) Keki N. Daruwalla
- (b) John Donne
- (c) W.H. Auden
- (d) Rupert Brooke

List- B

- (i) Sweetest love, I do not go
- (ii) The soldier
- (iii) Fire Hymn
- (iv) Now The Leaves Are Falling Fast
- (v) An Epitaph

13. Write in short, the summary of any one of the following poems— 5

- (a) My Grandmother's House
- (b) Snake
- (c) Now The Leaves Are Falling Fast
- (d) Macavity the Mystery Cat.

14. Name the poets who wrote the following verse lines— 5

- (a) Thou watchest the last oozying hour by hour
- (b) I celebrate myself and sing myself.
- (c) Light of step and heart was she
- (d) I swore to save fire man the sin of forgetfulness
- (e) There is a house now far away where once I received love.

GROUP – C

15. Complete the following sentences on the basis of your textual reading— 2

- (a) Dr. Radhakrishnan never lost faith in
- (b) Nanukaka was coming from Delhi to

16. Write in short, summary of any one the following pieces— 10

- (a) The Earth
- (b) Bharat is My Home
- (c) India Through Travellers' Eyes
- (d) A Child is Born.

17. Name the authors of the following pieces— 3
- (a) Bharat is My Home (b) A Pinch of Snuff
(c) The Earth

GROUP – D

18. Name the authors of the following works— 5
- (a) King Lear (b) Emma
(c) David Copperfield (d) The Canterbury Tales
(e) Piers the Plowman
19. Write a brief note on modern English— 5
OR, What do you think about the future of English in India?
20. Write a note on English as an international language.