

GROUP – A

1. Transform the following sentences without changing the meaning— 10
 - (a) No other boy in the class is better than Ram. (Into Positive)
 - (b) They are rich. (Into Interrogative)
 - (c) I am too tired to work. (Remove 'too')
2. Use three of the following idioms and phrases in sentences of your own— 10

ups and downs, turn over, without fail, off and on, above all.
3. Pick out the sub-ordinate clauses in the following sentences— 3
 - (a) He said that he was going to the school.
 - (b) I have read the book that is lying here.
 - (c) As he is ill, he is absent.

OR, Combine the following sentences into one—
He finished his work. He went to catch the train. He had to go to Mumbai.
4. Change the following sentences into passive voice— 3
 - (a) Lata will sing a song.
 - (b) The cow eats grass.
 - (c) We crossed the river easily.
5. Fill in the blanks with suitable auxiliary verbs— 3
 - (a) You not go in this old car.
 - (b) He obey the teacher.
 - (c) We die sooner or later.
6. Turn the following in Indirect Narration— 3
 - (a) He said, "Let me sleep well tonight."
 - (b) "What am I to do, Sir?" said Rupesh.
 - (c) He said, "I shall go as soon as it is possible."
7. Translate the following sentences in to English— 5
 - (a) भारत एक कृषि प्रधान देश है।
 - (b) यहाँ की 80 प्रतिशत जनता कृषि पर निर्भर करती है।
 - (c) किसान हमें अन्न देते हैं।
 - (d) हमें किसानों की मदद करनी चाहिए।
 - (e) उन्हें उन्नत बीज और उन्नत मशीन देकर हम उनकी मदद कर सकते हैं।
8. Make a precis of the following passage giving a suitable title—
When we speak of the freedom of the press, we usually mean freedom in a very technical and restricted sense—namely, freedom from direction or censorship by the Government. In this respect, the British Press is, under ordinary conditions, in the delicate machinery of, foreign diplomacy, conduct campaigns to subvert the Constitution, incite citizens to discontent and rebellion, expose scandals and former grievances, and generally harry and belabour the servants of the states with almost perfect liberty. On occasions, it can become a weapon to coerce the Government of conform to what it asserts to be the will of the people.
9. Put the verbs in the following sentences in correct tense forms— 3
 - (a) It since morning (rain).
 - (b) The sun (rise) in the east and (set) in the west.
10. Read carefully the passage given below and answer the question that follow— 4×3=12

Civilization is that mode of conduct which points out to man the path of duty. Performances of duty and observance of morality are convertible terms to observe morality is to attain mastery over our minds and our passions. So doing, we know ourselves. to Gujarati equivalent for civilization means 'good conduct'. If this definition be correct. then India, as so many writers have shown has nothing to learn from anybody else, and this is as it should be. We notice that mind is a restless bird, the more it gets the more it wants, and still remains unsatisfied. The more we indulge in our passions, the more unbridled they become.

Questions—

- (a) What is civilization?
- (b) What does the Gujarati equivalent for civilization mean?
- (c) Why does the writer say that the mind is a restless bird?
- (d) Match the words given in column A with their meanings in Column B—

Column A

- (i) Convertible
- (ii) Ubridled
- (iii) Indulge
- (iv) Ancestor

Column B

- (a) to satisfy a priticular desire
- (b) a person in your family who lived a long time ago
- (c) not controlled
- (d) that can be changed to a different form or use

11. Write an eassy in about 100 words on any one of the following—
- (a) Future of English in India
 - (b) A picnic trip
 - (c) Corruption in India
 - (d) Diary writing
 - (e) Co-education
 - (f) Discipline

GROUP – B

12. Match the title given in List-A with appropriate names from List-B—

List - A

- (a) An Epitaph
- (b) The Soldier
- (c) To Autumn
- (d) Snake
- (e) Song of Myself

List- B

- (i) Walt Whitman
- (ii) D.H. Lawrence
- (iii) Walter de la Mare
- (iv) Rupert Brooke
- (v) John Keats

13. Write in short, the summary of any one of the following poems—

- (a) The Soldier
- (b) Song of Myself
- (c) Sweetest Love I Do Not Goe
- (d) My Grandmother's House

14. Name the poets who wrote the following verse lines—

- (a) Sweetest Love I Do Not Goe for Weariness of thee.
- (b) I celebrate myself and sing myself.
- (c) Here lies a most beautiful lady.
- (d) If I should die, think only this of me.
- (e) The voice of my education said to me. He must be killed.

GROUP – C

15. Read the following sentences and state whether they are true or flase—

- (a) Press is free everywhere.
- (b) Proprietors have their personal interests as well.

16. Write in short, summary of any one the following pieces—

- (a) The Artist
- (b) A Pinch of Snuff
- (c) I Have a Dream
- (d) A Marriage Proposal
- (e) Indian Civilization and Culture.

17. Name the author of any three of the following prose pieces—

- (a) Bharat is My Home
- (b) The Earth
- (c) A Child is Born
- (d) Ideas That Have Helped Mankind
- (e) How Free is the Press.

GROUP – D

18. Write names of three modern English novelists or poets.

OR, Write five sentences on English as international language.

19. Write a short note on the following—

OR, Difference between Novel and Short story.

20. Match List- A with List - B.

List - A

- (a) Julius Caesar
- (b) Arms and the Man
- (c) Old Man and the Sea

List - B

- (i) Ernest Hemingway
- (ii) William Shakespeare
- (iii) G. B. Shaw

OR, Mention one novel of each of the following Indo-Anglian Novelists:

- (a) Raja Rao
- (b) Mulk Raj Anand
- (c) R.K. Narayan.